AGS Information Series 156





Critical Minerals with Known Potential in Alberta

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Critical element or mineral ^A	Typical use	Common sources of mineral	
Cobalt	Rechargable batteries, superalloys	<i>i</i>	
Copper	Power transmission and generation, building wiring, telecommunications, and electronic products	<i>N</i> o	
Helium	MRI imaging, lifting gas, and analytical and laboratory applications		
Iron	Steel production	A	
Lithium	Rechargable batteries, ceramics and glass		
Magnesium	Steel production, aluminum alloy		
Molybdenum	Steel and cast iron alloy, superalloys	<i>N</i> o	
Nickel	Stainless steel production, superalloys, batteries	<i>₹</i>	
Phosphorus	Fertilizer, animal feed supplements	No	
Potash	Fertilizer	A	
Rare-earth elements ^B	Magnets, catalysts, ceramics and glass, polishing powders	<i>N</i> e	
Scandium	Aluminum alloy, fuel cells, ceramics, electronics		
Silicon	Steel and cast iron alloy, aluminum alloy, semiconductor production	<i>N</i> e	
Titanium	Aerospace applications, armour, medical implants, power generation	<i>₹</i>	
Uranium	Nuclear fuel	<i>~</i>	
Vanadium	Iron and steel alloy, catalysts, batteries	No.	
Zinc	Anti-corrosion coating (galvanized metal), copper and tin alloy	No.	
	from Canada's critical minerals list (Government of Canada, 2024) that have known prospectivity in ninerals not mentioned above may have potential in the province. They require further investigation to vity.	Legend	AÈ

Bare-earth elements include: Lanthanum (La), Cerium (Ce), Praseodymium (Pr), Neodymium (Nd), Promethium (Pm), Samarium (Sm), Europium (Eu), Gadolinium (Gd), Terbium (Tb), Dysprosium (Dy), Holmium (Ho), Erbium (Er), Thulium (Tm), Ytterbium (Yb), and Lutetium (Lu).

Industrial

waste

Subsurface

Fluids

Rock &

Sediment